| **Overview** | This standard identifies the requirements associated with leading and managing inter-professional teams. It includes establishing governance arrangements and protocols that provide clarity about roles and responsibilities of team members. |
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Performance criteria

Manage the implementation of systems, procedures and practice for inter-professional team working

You must be able to:

P1 implement systems, procedures and practice for inter-professional team working in the context of legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements
P2 establish governance arrangements for inter-professional teams
P3 establish protocols within inter-professional teams
P4 ensure that you and all team members recognise the professional codes of practice and professional standards that apply to members of the inter-professional team
P5 ensure that you and all team members respect the different skills and expertise of members of the inter-professional team
P6 work with team members to establish frameworks and forums to support inter-professional decision making
P7 work with team members to share up-to-date information and knowledge for professional development purposes
P8 support team members to address dilemmas or conflicts that arise as a result of inter-professional working
P9 work with team members to establish suitable arrangements for their professional supervision
P10 clarify the boundaries of professional supervision and team management with team members
P11 ensure that there are clear lines of communication between the professional supervisor and the team manager
P12 work with team members to resolve professional or ethical dilemmas, boundary issues or conflicts where they receive separate professional supervision and team management supervision

Lead and manage effective service delivery through inter-professional teams

You must be able to:

P13 work with team members to develop a shared vision for the service
P14 ensure that all team members are clear about the purpose and service objectives of the inter-professional team
P15 establish commitment from team members to work towards the achievement of service outcomes and the shared vision
P16 ensure that all team members understand how their work contributes to the achievement of service objectives
P17 build the capability, confidence and mutual support of the team by their involvement in developing, monitoring and evaluating plans to meet service objectives
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P18 recognise and celebrate contributions of the team towards the achievement of service objectives
P19 guide the team through challenges and difficulties
P20 promote a culture of shared responsibility within the team for its workload, performance and quality
P21 establish systems within the team to identify the lead professional for work with an individual or family
P22 work with team members to identify the best way to involve individuals or families in the decision making process
P23 work with the lead professional to define relationships with other professionals working with an individual or family
P24 ensure that all professionals involved with work with an individual or family are clear about their role, responsibility and accountability and that of others within the team
P25 monitor the work of inter-professional teams with individuals or families
P26 ensure that inter-professional teams are supported to resolve any dilemmas, conflicts or difficulties that arise when working with an individual or family

Critically evaluate the effectiveness of inter-professional teams

You must be able to:

P27 critically analyse the effectiveness of the inter-professional team in meeting the service objectives
P28 interpret analysis of the effectiveness of the inter-professional team to report on areas of good practice and areas for improvement
P29 make recommendations for changes to systems, procedures and practice to address areas for improvement
### Knowledge and understanding

#### Rights

**You need to know and understand:**

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<table>
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>K1</strong></td>
<td>legal and work setting requirements on equality, diversity, discrimination and rights</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>K2</strong></td>
<td>your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which promote individuals’ rights, choices, wellbeing and active participation</td>
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<td><strong>K3</strong></td>
<td>your duty to report any acts or omissions that could infringe the rights of individuals</td>
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<td><strong>K4</strong></td>
<td>how to <strong>critically evaluate</strong> and take informed action against discrimination</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>K5</strong></td>
<td>the rights that individuals have to make complaints and be supported to do so</td>
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<td><strong>K6</strong></td>
<td>how to ensure that individuals are informed about the service they can expect to receive</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>K7</strong></td>
<td>your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which ensure that individuals have access to information about themselves in a format they can understand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>K8</strong></td>
<td>conflicts and dilemmas that may arise in relation to rights and how to address them</td>
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#### Your practice

**You need to know and understand:**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>K9</strong></td>
<td>legislation, statutory codes, standards, frameworks and guidance relevant to your work, your work setting and the content of this standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>K10</strong></td>
<td>your own background, experiences and beliefs that may have an impact on your practice</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>K11</strong></td>
<td>your own roles, responsibilities and accountabilities with their limits and boundaries</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>K12</strong></td>
<td>the roles, responsibilities and accountabilities of others with whom you work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>K13</strong></td>
<td>how to access and work to procedures and agreed ways of working</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>K14</strong></td>
<td>the meaning of person-centred/child centred working and the importance of knowing and respecting each person as an individual</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>K15</strong></td>
<td>the prime importance of the interests and well-being of the individual</td>
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<td><strong>K16</strong></td>
<td>the individual’s cultural and language context</td>
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<td><strong>K17</strong></td>
<td>how to build trust and rapport in a relationship</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>K18</strong></td>
<td>how your <strong>power and influence</strong> as a leader and manager can impact on relationships</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>K19</strong></td>
<td>the role of independent representation and advocacy for individuals</td>
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You need to know and understand:

K20 how to work in ways that promote active participation and maintain individuals' dignity, respect, personal beliefs and preferences
K21 how to work in ways that achieve positive outcomes for individuals
K22 how to manage resources to deliver services that meet targets and achieve positive outcomes for individuals
K23 how to distinguish between outputs and outcomes
K24 how to work in partnership with individuals, key people and others
K25 how to identify and manage ethical conflicts and dilemmas in your work
K26 how to challenge and address poor practice
K27 how to address concerns and complaints
K28 how and when to seek support in situations beyond your experience and expertise
K29 the nature and impact of factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development of individuals you care for or support
K30 theories underpinning our understanding of human development and factors that affect it

Personalisation and resources

K31 how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories and models of good practice about empowerment and citizen directed services
K32 how to identify and promote the potential of individuals to use their personal strengths and resources to achieve change
K33 the value and role of family networks, communities and groups in achieving positive outcomes, and ways to develop them
K34 the nature of personalisation and personalised services, including self directed support
K35 the range of resources available within informal networks, within the wider community, through formal service provision and through innovation
K36 how assistive technology can be used to support the independence of individuals
K37 how to lead, manage and support others to plan, deliver and review personalised services with individuals

Continuing professional development

You need to know and understand:

K38 principles of reflective practice and why it is important
K39 your role in developing the professional knowledge and practice of others
K40 how to promote evidence based practice
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You need to know and understand:

K41 methods of managing performance to meet targets and achieve positive outcomes
K42 how to assess performance
K43 how to provide constructive feedback to others on their practice and performance
K44 how to address performance that does not meet required standards
K45 how to use supervision to support the practice and performance of others
K46 how to use appraisal to support the practice and performance of others
K47 systems, procedures and practices for managing workloads
K48 methods for delegating work

Communication

K49 factors that can affect communication and language skills and their development in children, young people or adults
K50 methods to promote effective communication and enable individuals to communicate their needs, views and preferences
K51 factors that can affect communication within and between organisations
K52 methods to promote effective communication within and between organisations

Health and Safety

K53 legal and statutory requirements for health and safety
K54 your work setting policies and practices for monitoring and maintaining health, safety and security in the work environment

Safe-guarding

K55 legislation and national policy relating to the safe-guarding and protection of children, young people and adults
K56 the responsibility that everyone has to raise concerns about possible harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practices
K57 indicators of potential harm or abuse
K58 how and when to report any concerns about harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practice, resources or operational difficulties
K59 what to do if you have reported concerns but no action is taken to address them
K60 local systems and multi-disciplinary procedures that relate to safeguarding and protection from harm or abuse
K61 how to support others who have expressed concerns about harm or
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You need to know and understand:

Multi-disciplinary working

K62 the purpose of working with other professionals and agencies
K63 the remit and responsibilities of other professionals and agencies involved in multi-disciplinary work
K64 features of multi-disciplinary and interagency communication
K65 how different philosophies, principles, priorities and codes of practice can affect partnership working

Handling information

K66 legal requirements, policies and procedures for the security and confidentiality of information
K67 legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales
K68 principles of confidentiality and when to pass on otherwise confidential information
K69 how to support the effective sharing of information to achieve positive outcomes for individuals
K70 how to record written information with accuracy, clarity, relevance and an appropriate level of detail
K71 how to use evidence, fact and knowledge-based opinion to support professional judgements in records and reports
K72 how and where electronic communications can and should be used for communicating, recording and reporting

Leading and managing practice

K73 how to critically analyse theories about leadership and management
K74 standards of practice, service standards and guidance relating to the work setting
K75 national and local initiatives to promote the well-being of individuals
K76 models of practice for the use of early interventions
K77 lessons learned from government reports, research and inquiries into serious failures of health or social care practice and from successful interventions
K78 methods of supporting others to work with and support individuals, key people and others
K79 how to lead and manage practice that achieves positive outcomes for individuals
K80 methods of supporting others to recognise and take informed action
Lead and manage inter-professional teams

You need to know and understand:

K81 how to develop systems, practices, policies and procedures
K82 how to implement, monitor and evaluate systems, practices, policies and procedures
K83 how to promote the services and facilities of your work-setting
K84 techniques for problem solving and innovative thinking
K85 how to motivate others
K86 how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge-based theories and models of good practice about change management
K87 how to use change management techniques

Risk management

K88 how to critically evaluate principles and frameworks of risk assessment and risk management
K89 principles of positive risk-taking
K90 how to lead others to develop practice that supports positive risk-taking

Managing people

K91 legal and work-setting requirements for employment practices
K92 internal and external governance arrangements for the work-setting
K93 factors that can lead to pressures on the service, individual and team performance
K94 how to manage time, resources and workload of self and others
K95 how to manage team dynamics
K96 how to create a culture that promotes openness, creativity and problem solving
K97 how to create a culture that supports people to embrace change

Specific to this NOS

K98 how to critically evaluate leadership and management methods, principles and approaches relevant to inter-professional teams
K99 methods of motivating inter-professional teams to work together imaginatively and effectively
K100 the impact of professional status and power on other workers
K101 how to work with inter-professional teams to evaluate the achievement of agreed outcomes
K102 how to ensure that systems, procedures and practice are in place to maintain effective and safe practice in inter-professional teams
K103 how to ensure that dilemmas, boundary issues, conflicts and
difficulties in achieving agreed outcomes are addressed constructively in inter-professional teams

K104 how to establish effective inter-professional assessment and decision making forums

K105 the implications of using external professional supervision and its impact on team management
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Additional Information

Scope/range related to performance criteria

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS.

Critically analyse is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation.

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses.

Governance arrangements should include: roles, responsibilities and accountability of all team members; lines of communication; professional supervision; operational supervision; performance reviews; continuing professional development; addressing conduct issues.

Inter-professional teams where team membership comprises different professions and occupational groups (with whom they normally work) and people working together as a team to make assessments and decisions.

Protocols should include: confidentiality and information sharing; record keeping; allocation of resources; addressing concerns and complaints.

Team management would include allocation of resources; workloads; operational decisions and operational supervision.
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The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statement required for achievement of the NOS.

All knowledge statements must be applied in the context of this standard.

In relation to all knowledge statements you need to know and understand the specified areas of knowledge and be able to critically apply the knowledge and understanding in your leadership and management practice

Critically analyse is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

Critically evaluate is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decision-making

Employment practices should include recruitment, performance management, disciplinary procedures, grievance procedures

Evidence based practice uses systems, processes and ‘practice wisdom’ that has been proved to be effective in supporting the achievement of positive outcomes. Evidence may have been drawn from a variety of sources: research, both formal and informal, and the views and opinions of individuals, key people and those involved in the delivery of care services

Factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development may include adverse circumstances or trauma before or during birth; autistic spectrum disorder; dementia; family circumstances; frailty; harm or abuse; injury; learning disability; medical conditions (chronic or acute); mental health;
physical disability; physical ill health; poverty; profound or complex needs; sensory needs; social deprivation; substance misuse

**Leadership** is the ability to provide strategic direction and a sense of purpose. Effective leaders create a sense of trust, confidence and belief, inspiring people to adopt the values and behaviours they promote. They are innovative, creative and motivating.

**Management** is the ability to set the operational direction and organise the effective running of the service provision to meet the overall service needs including ethical, legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements. Effective managers facilitate and organise resources in order to optimise the performance of others, allowing them to carry out tasks and achieve goals efficiently and effectively. They provide clarity and accountability that enable teams to meet their objectives.

**Outcomes** are the changes or differences that individuals or care services are trying to achieve. Hard outcomes are changes that are clear and obvious, or those that involve a visible change in people's behaviour or circumstances. Soft outcomes are changes that are less easy to observe and measure, or those that involve more subtle changes inside people such as a change in someone’s attitude, sense of well-being or how they see or feel about themselves.

**Outputs** are the tangible products, services or facilities that are a result of organisational activities or the activities of those involved in the delivery of the service provision. Outputs may be used to achieve outcomes.

**Personalisation** can be defined as ‘changing the power balance so that each person really does have choice and control over the care services that they want. From being a recipient of services, individuals become involved in selecting and shaping the services they use’. Personalisation is a social care approach that encompasses citizen-directed support; self-directed support; the use of direct payments or personal budgets; the provision of accessible information and advice on care and support and the promotion of independence and self-reliance amongst individuals and communities.

Depending on how it is used the **power and influence** of leaders and managers may have either a positive or negative effect upon relationships.
Values

Adherence to codes of practice or conduct where applicable to your role and the principles and values that underpin your work setting, including the rights of children, young people and adults. These include the rights:

- To be treated as an individual
- To be treated equally and not be discriminated against
- To be respected
- To have privacy
- To be treated in a dignified way
- To be protected from danger and harm
- To be supported and cared for in a way that meets their needs, takes account of their choices and also protects them
- To communicate using their preferred methods of communication and language
- To access information about themselves
### SCDLMCD3
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<th>Skills for Care and Development</th>
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<td><strong>Date approved</strong></td>
<td>January 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Indicative review date</strong></td>
<td>January 2016</td>
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<td>Leadership and Management in Care Services</td>
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<td><strong>Key words</strong></td>
<td>Leading; managing teams; inter-professional; governance; positive outcomes for individuals</td>
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